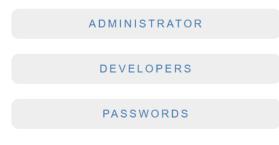
# *Processes Online* User Guide Classes and Objects

## **1** INTRODUCTION

With *Processes Online*, you can define *classes*, (or *entity types*), and thereafter, persist the class definitions. Class definition includes definition of a set of the attributes of the class, called *standard attributes*, and designating one of these attributes as the *key* of the class. You can thereafter define additional attributes of these classes, called *custom attributes*, as may be required for one or more applications. You can interactively, as well as programmatically (using the Java DBaaS APIs), perform CRUD operations on objects belonging to these classes. In *Processes Online*, there are 8 built-in classes, viz., Employee, Customer, Vendor, Member, Faculty, Student, Doctor and Patient.

The Main Menu of Processes Online is shown below:-



#### Figure 1

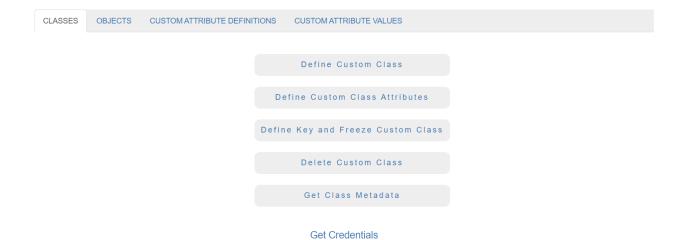
Let us presume the Administrator has registered one or more employees, and authorized one or more of them to function as application developers; e.g.:-

LIST	OF	EMPLOYEES
LIUI		

SI. No.	Entity ID	Name	Email	Authorized application developer (i.e., has access to Java DBaaS APIs)
1	ADMIN3	Sarah Connor	eflh010@gmail.com	Yes
2	ADMIN2	Rohit Shetty	eflh007@gmail.com	No
3	ADMIN1	Ramachandra Rao	eflh003@gmail.com	Yes

#### Figure 2

An authorized application developer, e.g., Ramachandra Rao, can click **DEVELOPERS** in the Main Menu, login, and access the **Database Management Main Menu**:-



### 2 DEFINING CUSTOM CLASSES AND CREATING OBJECTS

Rao has been asked to develop an application for registering distributors of the company's products. Rao begins by defining a custom class, called Distributor. He decides that this class will have the following standard attributes, viz.,

- 1. DistrID (Distributor ID)
- 2. DistrName (Distributor Name)
- 3. DistrAddress (Distributor's Address)
- 4. RepName (Name of the Distributor's Representative)
- 5. RepEmail (Email ID of the Distributor's Representative)

DistrID, DistrName, DistrAddress and RepName are of datatype, String, while RepEmail is of datatype, Email. DistrID is the key.

Rao clicks **Define Custom Class** under the **CLASSES** tab in Figure 3, whereupon he is presented with the following form:-

Proposed new custom class name	Distributor
SUE	ЗМІТ

#### Figure 4

He enters the name of the new class, viz., Distributor, and clicks SUBMIT, whereupon he sees a message stating that the a new class, viz., Distributor, has been defined.

He next selects Define custom class attributes, and clicks SUBMIT:-

Select a class	Distributor •
SE	ECT

He now selects the class, Distributor, then clicks SELECT:-

Custom	Class:	Distributor
0 0 0 0 0 111	0.000.	Diotino ato:

Existing attributes of the custom class (List of attributes in the format, Attribute Name : Datatype)	
Select the datatype of the new attribute	String •
Name of the new attribute	DistrID
Select the class, in case datatype is Object	Customer •
Input the elements in case the Datatype is Set. Begin with ~ and end with #. Use # as the separator.	~#
Caption required in data entry form	Unique Distributor ID
Field type in data entry form, in case datatype is String	Single Line •
l	Jpdate Attributes

#### Figure 6

Carefully note the data entered in the form in Figure 6 for defining the attribute, DistrID. Now He clicks **Update Attributes**, and receives an appropriate success message.

Rao defines the remaining attributes, DistrName, DistrAddress, RepName, and RepEmail, in exactly the same way.

He next selects Define key and freeze custom class definition under CLASSES tab, and clicks SUBMIT:-

Select a custom class to define key and freeze	Distributor •
SELECT	

#### Figure 7

He now selects the custom class, Distributor, then clicks SELECT:-

Select the attribute to serve as the custom class key	DistrID::String
SELECT	

He now selects the attribute, DistrID, then clicks **SELECT**. He ends up receiving a success message.

The resulting metadata for the class, Distributor, can be seen by clicking Get Class Metadata in Figure 3:-

SI. No.	Attribute Name	Datatype
1	DistrID (Key)	String
2	DistrName	String
3	DistrAddress	String
4	RepName	String
5	RepEmail	Email

#### CLASS: Distributor

#### Figure 9

Rao now clicks the OBJECTS tab (Figure 3), and sees the corresponding menu:-



#### Figure 10

He proceeds to define 3 Distributor objects by selecting **Create Object** in the above menu, just for testing. By selecting **View Objects**, He can see the current status:-

#### List of entities of type: Distributor

SI. No.	DistrID	DistrName	DistrAddress	RepName	RepEmail
1	RELDIST	Reliable Distributors Inc	Boston, MA, U.S.A.	Bill O'Reilly	enflo001@gmail.com
2	GPLAINS	Great Plains Supplies Inc	New York, N.Y., U.S.A.	Steve Burbank	eflh010@gmail.com
3	ASKUS	Ask Us For Anything Inc	Santa Clara, CA, U.S.A.	Edgar Trump	enflo008@gmail.com

Figure 11

He now proceeds to delete all three Distributor objects, by selecting **Delete Object**. In the normal course, Distributor objects will be created by the Distributor Management application, whose development will be taken up in *Processes Online User Guide – Web Application Development Tutorial*.

### **3** DEFINING CUSTOM ATTRIBUTES AND ASSIGNING VALUES

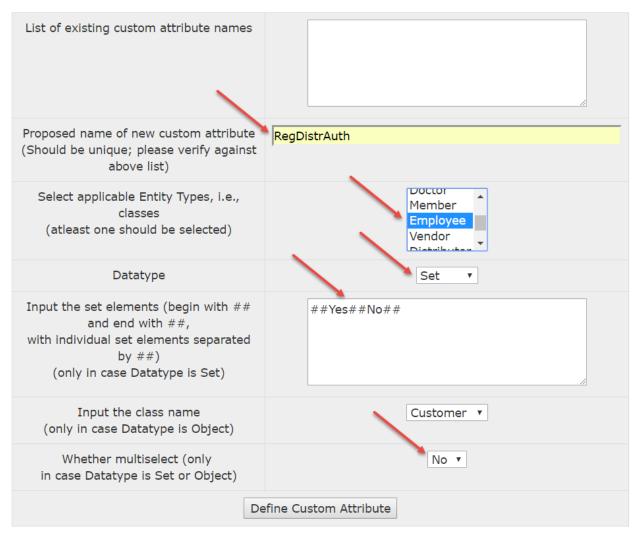
Rao decides to define a custom attribute named RegDistrAuth of datatype, Set, of the class, Employee. The elements of the set are Yes and No. If RegDistrAuth is set to Yes for any given employee, it means that employee can access the Distributor Management application.

Rao now proceeds to create the custom attribute named RegDistrAuth. Rao clicks the tab, **CUSTOM ATTRIBUTE DEFINITIONS**, then clicks **Define Custom Attribute**:-

Define Custom Attribute Get Custom Attribute Metadata Delete Custom Attribute	CLASSES	OBJECTS	CUSTOM ATTRIBUTE DEFINITIONS	CUSTOM ATTRIBUTE VALUES
Get Custom Attribute Metadata				
				Define Custom Attribute
Delete Custom Attribute				Get Custom Attribute Metadata
Delete Custom Attribute				
				Delete Custom Attribute

#### Figure 12

He now enters data pertaining to the custom attribute, viz., RegDistrAuth:-



Carefully see what data He has entered above. Now He clicks **Define Custom Attribute**. He now sees a success message.

Now for assigning custom attribute values. Rao clicks **CUSTOM ATTRIBUTE VALUES** tab, then clicks **Assign/Update Custom Attribute Values**:-

CLASSES	OBJECTS	CUSTOM ATTRIBUTE DEFINI	TIONS	CUSTOM ATTRIBUTE VALUES		
			As	sign/Update Custom Attri Values	bute	
			Dea	ssign Custom Attribute V	alues	
			(	Get Custom Attribute Valu	es	

Figure 13

He now selects Employee:-

Select the Entity Type	Employee •
Select	

He clicks Select, selects the employee, Rohit Shetty, and the custom attribute, RegDistrAuth:-

Selected entity type: Employee		
Select the Entity	ADMIN2::Rohit Shetty	
Select a custom attribute	RegDistrAuth	
	Select	

Figure 15

He now clicks Select, then selects the value, Yes, then clicks Update Object:-

Selected Entity Type: Employee Selected Entity ID: ADMIN2 Selected Custom Attribute: RegDistrAu	th
Please enter or select the value or values	Yes 🗸
Update Object	

#### Figure 16

This way, the Register Distributor application can be accessed only by ADMIN2::Rohit Shetty.